Grayson College Vocational Nursing Program



### VNSG 1509 Nursing In Health & Illness II

Spring 2021 Course Syllabus

Notice: This syllabus may be modified as deemed necessary by the instructor. Major modifications will be issued to the student in writing.

Reviewed and Revised: November 2020 LF

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#### Grayson College Vocational Nursing Program VNSG 1509, Nursing in Health & Illness II Spring 2021

Course Hours:	5 credit hour course	
Course Level:	Introductory, Level II, Second Semester Course	
Course Description:	Introduction to common health problems requiring medical and surgical interventions.	
Prerequisites:	All level I, first semester vocational nursing courses must be passed in order to take this course.	
Co-requisites:	Co-requisite courses for second semester include: VNSG 1509, NHI II; VNSG 1230, Maternal Neonatal Nursing; VNSG 1238, Mental Illness; VNSG 1361, LVN Training. Co-requisite courses must be taken together and in case of failure of one or more of the co-requisite courses, must all be repeated together.	
WECM Learning Outcomes:	<ol> <li>Compare and contrast normal physiology of body systems to pathologic variations in the Client with medical surgical health problems.</li> <li>Compare and contrast diagnostic evaluation and treatment of the Client with common medical-surgical health problems.</li> <li>Apply the nursing process in caring for the Client with common medical- surgical health problems including nutrition and drug therapy.</li> </ol>	
Differentiated Essential Competencies (DEC):	DEC are defined as competencies determined by the Texas Board of Nursing for each level of nursing education that should typically be achieved by exit from the program. The competencies document the background knowledge which can be used upon exit from the program to progress from beginner to expert. The DEC framework consists of knowledge and clinical judgment and behaviors in the following four nursing roles: Member of the Profession; Provider of Client- Centered Care; Client-Safety Advocate; Member of the Health Care Team.	
Course Outcomes: At th	ne end of VNSG 1509, the Vocational Nursing Student should be able to:	
1. [ () 2. [ 5 7 3. [ () 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Member of the Profession Discuss the legal, ethical, social and cultural issues surrounding the nursing care of Clients/Clients families who are at various stages of the health-illness continuum and who are experiencing medical-surgical health problems. Determine the resources available to the nurse for policies and procedures surrounding the safe nursing care of assigned Clients with common medical-surgical health problems. Discuss the vocational nursing scope of practice in relationship to the nursing care of Clients/families with medical-surgical health problems that are experiencing mbalances in homeostasis. <b>vider of Client Centered Care</b> Recall the growth, developmental, psychosocial, cultural, spiritual and nutritional needs of Clients across the life span and relate these factors to the holistic nursing care of Clients/families that are experiencing medical-surgical health problems.	

- 5. Apply basic principles of physiology and pathophysiology to the nursing care of /Clients/families that are experiencing medical-surgical health problems.
- 6. Apply the nursing process as a critical thinking approach when providing basic nursing skills for Clients/families that are experiencing medical-surgical health problems.
- 7. Apply basic pharmacologic theory and principles to the holistic nursing care of the Clients/families with medical-surgical health problems that require medications.
- 8. Implement specific nursing plans of care and recommended nursing interventions for Clients/families that are experiencing medical-surgical health problems, followed by evaluation of effectiveness.

#### **Client Safety Advocate**

- 9. Discuss the role of the nurse as Client advocate for Clients/families.
- 10. Research disease processes and nursing care of Clients with medical-surgical problems using reliable texts and scientific resources.
- 11. Determine safe nursing practices for Clients/families that are experiencing medicalsurgical health problems by providing careful assessment of physiologic and safety needs, planning, prioritization, implementation, and evaluation.
- 12. Assess educational needs of Clients/families on disease processes, treatments, and medications and provide/reinforce education as needed.
- 13. Recognize and report adverse abnormal findings to the appropriate supervisor.
- 14. Implement restorative, preventative, and palliative nursing care to Clients/families with medical-surgical health problems.

#### Member of the Health Care Team

- 15. Determine how the LVN functions as a member of the health care team through provision of care, communication, collaboration, evaluating, reporting, and delegating.
- 16. Discuss the role of cost containment when the nurse is administering nursing care.
- 17. Determine the need for consultation or assistance from others when administering nursing care.
- 18. Discuss how the nurse works within the health care system to provide care.

# Withdrawal/ Drop Date: It is the student's responsibility to formally withdraw from this course. Failure to do so will result in an "F" on the student's transcript. Students should refer to the GC policies on withdrawal. The last day to withdraw is <u>April 9, 2021.</u>

Required Texts:	<ul> <li>Burke, Karen M., LeMone, Priscilla, Mohn-Brown, Elaine &amp; Eby, Linda. (2016). <i>Medical-surgical nursing care</i>. (4<sup>th</sup> ed.) Upper Saddle River, NJ. Pearson Education, Inc. ISBN 978-0-13-338978-4</li> <li>Clayton, B., Willihnganz, M. (2017). <i>Basic pharmacology for nurses</i>. (17<sup>th</sup> ed.). St. Louis, MO. Elsevier. ISBN: 978-0-323-31112-0.</li> <li>deWit, S. (2018). <i>Fundamental concepts and skills for nursing</i>. (5<sup>th</sup> ed.) St. Louis, MO. Elsevier. ISBN: 978-0-323-39621-9.</li> <li><i>Mosby's Dictionary of medicine, nursing &amp; health professions</i>. (2017) (10<sup>th</sup> ed.) St. Louis, MO. Elsevier. ISBN: 978-0-323-22205-1.</li> <li>Nettina, S. (2014). <i>Lippincott manual of nursing practice</i>. (10<sup>th</sup> ed.) Philadelphia, PA. Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins. ISBN: 978-1-4511-7354-3.</li> </ul>
Methods of Instruction:	Classroom teaching Posted Power Point lessons on Canvas Posted lecture notes on Canvas Computer Assisted Instruction Internet research as assigned

Methods of Evaluation:

6 Unit exams and Final Exam:

Average of all grades on **Unit exams and Final exam:** (Final course grade must equal 75% or higher)

Students may be asked participate in <u>ungraded</u> assignments. The assignments are for individual and group learning. All assignments must demonstrate adequate preparation. Assignments are expected to be completed as assigned. Assignments that are not completed as assigned will result in a grade of "incomplete (I)" for this course until the assignment is completed. Students may not progress to the third semester of the Vocational Nursing Program with an "Incomplete" grade.

Grading Criteria	90 - 100 % = A 80 - 89 = B 75 - 79 = C 60 - 74 = D < 60 = F W = withdraw
	All grades will be calculated in Microsoft Excel for accuracy. Students must achieve a final score of at least 74.5% in order to be rounded to 75% which is the minimal passing score.
Exam Day Absences:	A student that misses an exam must make an appointment with the Program Director. Make-up exams are <b>not</b> automatic. Make-up exams will be at the discretion of the Program Director and the Course Professor.
Test Review:	Test review will take place immediately after the exam is completed via ExamSoft. Students should use the Test Question Form when questioning a test item. These forms will subsequently be reviewed by faculty and a determination made on nullifying the question or accepting another answer.
Remediation:	<ul> <li>Students are encouraged to seek help and remediation from the instructors as needed.</li> <li>Extended counseling requires an appointment with the instructor.</li> <li>Remediation assignments are made by the instructor in order to assist a student who has low grades.</li> <li>It is the responsibility of the student to complete and return the assignment when it is due.</li> </ul>
Progression:	Each student must successfully pass this course and all of the second semester courses in order to progress to the third semester. Please refer to the Grayson College Vocational Nursing Program Handbook. Students should refer to the Grayson College Catalog for 2016-2017 for policies regarding withdrawal and dropping a course. Failure to drop a course prior to the final allotted day may result in a grade of "F" for the course.
Course Behaviors:	Students will follow all policies on classroom behaviors as outlined in the Grayson College VN Handbook.
Cell Phones:	Cell phones are not allowed to be used and must be turned off during classroom lecture and lab.

Course/Clinical Attendance:	Academic success is closely associated with regular classroom attendance and course participation. Attendance is attending the complete time from start to finish of each course meeting. Attendance is mandatory in all scheduled classes and clinical. Absences place students in academic jeopardy. If absent, progress and continuation in the course may be at risk. Students who anticipate missing one or more class periods should contact the Professor ahead of time, just as they should contact their Professor as soon as possible after an absence. Students are responsible for monitoring their absences during the semester. The director may place a student on probation or withdraw a student from a nursing theory (non-clinical) course due to excessive absences and assign a grade of W (Withdrawn) if the student is absent more than 2 theory days per course or per course syllabus. <b>Theory absences cannot be made up.</b>
Tardiness:	A tardy is less than 5 minutes late after scheduled time. Tardiness of greater than 5 minutes in a scheduled nursing course will be counted as one absence. <b>Three tardies equal one absence.</b>
Special Needs Students:	Students with special needs should contact the Disability Services Coordinator during the first week of class for assistance with disabilities.
Scans Competencies:	Refer to Appendix A
Student Rights:	Student rights are described in the GC Policy and Procedures Manual (Policy FL local) located on the college website at <u>www.grayson.edu.</u> A formal grievance procedure (Policy FLD local) is available if a student believes unfair treatment has occurred. The student should first meet with the course professor and then, if unable to resolve the differences, should file a written appeal to the Program Director or Health Sciences Chairperson in accordance with the grievance procedure. Whenever meeting with faculty or administrative personnel, students have the right to waive their privacy rights and request the presence of an additional person of their choice.
Title IX:	GC policy prohibits discrimination on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, gender identity, genetic information, national origin, race, religion, retaliation, serious medical condition, sex, sexual orientation, spousal affiliation and protected veterans status. Furthermore, Title IX prohibits sex discrimination to include sexual misconduct: sexual violence (sexual assault, rape), sexual harassment and retaliation. For more information on Title IX, please contact:
	Dr. Molly M. Harris, Title IX Coordinator (903-463-8714) Ms. Logan Maxwell, Title IX Deputy Coordinator- South Campus (903) 415-2646 Mr. Mike McBrayer, Title IX Deputy Coordinator (903) 463-8753 Website: <u>http://www.grayson.edu/campus-life/campus-police/title-ix-policies.html</u> GC Police Department: (903) 463-8777- Main Campus (903) 415-2501 - South Campus GC Counseling Center: (903) 463-8730
	For Any On-campus Emergencies: 911

Grayson College campus-wide student policies may be found on our Current Student Page on our website: <u>http://grayson.edu/current-students/index.html</u>

**Disclaimer:** Grayson College is not responsible for illness/injury that occurs during the normal course of classroom/lab/clinical experiences.

Course Instructors:Lisa Fair, BSN, RNfairl@grayson.eduOffice hours as postedBeverly Berni, RNbernib@grayson.eduOffice hours as postedMelinda Howard, RNhowardm@grayson.eduOffice hours as posted

#### VNSG 1509 Course Schedule Spring 2021 Mondays, 0830 – 1430 unless otherwise noted.

Monday, Jan 11, 2021	Monday, Mar 8	
Unit 1, Diabetes Mellitus	SPRING BREAK	
TUESDAY, Jan 19, 2021	Monday, Mar 15	
Unit 1: cont'd	8:30 – 11:00 Unit 4 cont'd	
	12:00 – 2:30 Unit 5, Cancer	
Monday, Jan 25	Monday, March 22	
0830 – EXAM 1: Diabetes	0830- EXAM 4: Respiratory	
Unit 2, Musculoskeletal	Unit 5: cont'd	
Monday, Feb 1	Monday, March 29	
Unit 2: cont'd	Unit 5: cont'd	
Monday, Feb 8	Monday, April 5	
0830 – EXAM 2: Musculoskeletal	<u> 0830 – EXAM 5: Cancer</u>	
Unit 3, Peri-Op	Unit 6: GI	
Monday, Feb 15	Monday, April 12	
Unit 3: cont'd	Unit 6: cont'd	
Monday, Feb 22	Monday, April 19	
0830 – EXAM 3: Peri-Op	0830 – EXAM 6: GI	
Unit 4, Respiratory	Unit 7, Endocrine	
Monday, Mar 1	Monday, April 26	
Unit 4: cont'd	Unit 8, Shock	
	MONDAY, MAY 3, 2021	
	0900	
	Comprehensive FINAL EXAM	
	(Will include Units 7 and 8)	

\*This schedule may be modified as needed by the instructors of the course. Instructors will post any changes on Canvas.

#### VNSG 1509 Unit I

#### The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client with Diabetes Mellitus

	tional Nurse in Caring for the Client	
Objective Nursing Process:	Content	Learning Activities
Assessment		Required reading:
<ol> <li>Assessment</li> <li>Assess the Client experiencing an imbalance in homeostasis related to diabetes mellitus.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>A. Review of the anatomy of the pancreas</li> <li>B. Overview of diabetes mellitus <ul> <li>a. Types of diabetes</li> <li>b. Diabetes in the young or middle adult</li> <li>c. Diabetes in the older adult</li> <li>d. Pathophysiology of Type I and Type 2 diabetes</li> </ul> </li> <li>C. Assessment of the signs and symptoms of diabetes mellitus:</li> </ul>	Burke, et al. <i>Medical-Surgical</i> <i>Nursing Care</i> <u>Chapter 36:</u> Caring for Clients with Diabetes Mellitus Clayton, Willihnganz. <i>Basic</i> <i>Pharmacology for Nurses</i> <u>Chapter 35:</u> Drugs Used to Treat Diabetes Mellitus Complete the NCLEX-PN Exam Preparation questions at the end of chapters.
	<ul> <li>and symptoms of diabetes mellitus: <ul> <li>a. Subjective</li> <li>b. Objective</li> </ul> </li> <li>D. Diagnostic Tests to monitor diabetes mellitus, nursing implications: <ul> <li>a. Plasma Glucose level</li> <li>b. Fasting Blood Glucose</li> <li>c. Glucose tolerance test</li> <li>d. HgbA1c</li> <li>e. SMBG</li> <li>f. Urine testing for ketones and glucose</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Research new advances in insulin administration using the GC library resources and nursing journals on line.
	Continued ↓	

#### VNSG 1509 Unit I cont'd

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client with Diabetes Mellitus

Objective	ational Nurse in Caring for the Client w Content	Learning Activities
Analyzing, Planning and Implementing 1. Identify potential problems appropriate for clients with diabetes mellitus	A. Potential problems for Clients with diabetes mellitus	Continue required readings and learning activities.
2. Plan holistic nursing interventions that the vocational nurse can implement for the client with diabetes mellitus.	<ul> <li>A. Management of Diabetes <ul> <li>a. Insulin</li> <li>b. Oral antidiabetic agents</li> <li>c. Other injectable agents</li> <li>d. Nutrition Therapy</li> <li>e. Exercise</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Pharmacologic interventions: Using a drug reference, research and be prepared to discuss the following drug classifications and name common names:
	<ul> <li>B. Nursing implications for medications prescribed for Type I and Type 2 diabetes mellitus</li> </ul>	Insulin: Rapid acting, short acting, intermediate, and long acting Oral hypoglycemics
	<ul> <li>C. Continuity of Care: Client/ family teaching related to: <ul> <li>a. Insulin types</li> <li>b. Injection of insulin</li> <li>c. Oral medications</li> <li>d. Meal planning</li> <li>e. Exercise</li> <li>f. Foot care</li> <li>g. Sick Day care</li> <li>h. Surgery management</li> <li>i. Acute complications</li> <li>j. Chronic complications</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>D. Nursing care for acute complications of Diabetes <ul> <li>a. Diabetic Ketoacidosis</li> <li>b. Hyperosmolar</li> <li>Hyperglycemic State</li> <li>c. Hypoglycemia</li> <li>d. Smoygi Effect</li> <li>e. Dawn Phenomenon</li> </ul> </li> <li>E. Chronic Complications of Diabetes</li> </ul>	Classroom discussion: Acute and chronic complications of Type I and 2 diabetes mellitus, including pathophysiology and collaborative care Prepare a teaching plan for the Client newly diagnosed with Type I and Type 2 diabetes mellitus.
	a. Cardiovascular b. Peripheral Vascular Disease c. Diabetic Retinopathy d. Diabetic Nephropathy e. Neuropathy Continued ↓	

#### VNSG 1509 Unit I cont'd

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client with Diabetes Mellitus

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client with Diabetes Mellitus			
Objective	Content	Learning Activities	
	<ul><li>A. Nursing Plans of Care</li><li>B. Medications</li><li>C. Teaching</li><li>D. Nutritional Aspects</li></ul>	Continue required readings and learning activities	
Evaluation: 1. Discuss evaluation of the goals and nursing interventions for Clients with diabetes mellitus	<ul> <li>D. Nutritional Aspects</li> <li>A. Evaluation of goals and nursing interventions</li> <li>B. Collaborating with the RN on modifying the plan of care</li> </ul>	Apply nursing skills to the care of Clients with diabetes mellitus.	

#### VNSG 1509 UNIT II

#### The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with Musculoskeletal Disorders

	al Nurse in Caring for Clients with N	
Objective	Content	Learning Activities
Assessment 1. Assess the client experiencing musculoskeletal disorders.	A. Review of anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system	Required reading: Burke, et al: <i>Medical –Surgical</i> <i>Nursing Care</i>
	<ul> <li>B. Assessment of the Musculoskeletal System:</li> </ul>	<u>Chapter 41:</u> The Musculoskeletal System and Assessment <u>Chapter 42:</u> Caring for Clients with Musculoskeletal Trauma
	<ul><li>a. Health History</li><li>b. Physical Exam</li></ul>	<u>Chapter 43:</u> Caring for Clients with Musculoskeletal Disorders
	c. Diagnostic Tests C. Nursing Care,	Clayton, Willihnganz: <i>Basic</i> <i>Pharmacology for Nurses</i> <u>Chapter 19:</u> Drugs Used for Pain
	Pathophysiology, Complications, Interdisciplinary Care for	Management <u>Chapter 25</u> : Drugs Used to Treat PVD Chapter 20: Drugs Used to
	Clients with Musculoskeletal Trauma:	<u>Chapter 26:</u> Drugs Used to Thromboembolitic Disorders <u>Chapter 37</u> : Corticosteroids <u>Chapter 49:</u> Miscellaneous Agents:
	a. Soft Tissue Trauma b. Fractures c. Hip Fracture	Xanthine Oxidase Inhibitors, pg 797-798
	<ul> <li>d. Joint Trauma and Injury</li> <li>e. Amputation</li> <li>f. Osteoporosis</li> <li>g. Paget's Disease</li> <li>h. Osteomalacia</li> </ul>	Complete the NCLEX-PN Exam Preparation questions at the end of chapters.
	Osteomyelitis i. Bone Tumors j. Common Foot Disorders k. Osteoarthritis I. Rheumatoid Arthritis	Pharmacologic interventions: Using a drug reference be prepared to discuss the following classifications and name common drugs: NSAIDS Fosamax and Actonel
	<ul> <li>m. Systemic Lupus</li> <li>n. Erythematosus</li> <li>o. Gout</li> <li>p. Lyme Disease</li> <li>q. Anklyosing Spondylitis</li> <li>r. Fibromyalgia</li> <li>s. Low Back Pain</li> <li>Continued ↓</li> </ul>	Corticosteroids Colchicine Uricosuric Allopurinol Biphosphonates Fluoride Cox-2 inhibitors Aspirin

#### VNSG 1509 UNIT II cont'd

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with Musculoskeletal Disorders

Objective	al Nurse in Caring for Clients with N Content	Learning Activities
<ul> <li>Analyzing, Planning and Implementing</li> <li>1. Identify potential problems appropriate for clients with disorders of the musculoskeletal system.</li> </ul>	A. Potential problems for individual disorders of the musculoskeletal system	Continue required readings and learning activities
2. Plan holistic nursing interventions that the vocational nurse can implement for clients with disorders of the musculoskeletal system.	<ul> <li>B. Planning of nursing interventions for musculoskeletal disorders listed under assessment:</li> <li>a. Etiology, pathophysiology</li> <li>b. Medical management</li> <li>c. Nursing management</li> <li>d. Client teaching</li> <li>e. Nutritional needs</li> <li>f. Pharmacology</li> <li>g. Older Clients</li> <li>h. Cultural, spiritual</li> <li>i. Developmental, Psychosocial</li> </ul>	Apply nursing skills to the care of Clients with a musculoskeletal disorder.
Evaluation Discuss evaluation of the goals and nursing interventions for Clients with disorders of the musculoskeletal system	<ul> <li>A. Evaluation of goals and nursing interventions</li> <li>Collaborating with the RN on modifying the plan of care</li> </ul>	

## VNSG 1509 Unit III

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client in Pain and the Client Having Surgery				
Objective	Content	Learning Activities		
Nursing Process: Preoperative Phase 1. Discuss the use of the nursing	<ul><li>A. Types and settings for Surgery</li><li>B. Phases of Surgical Experience</li></ul>	Required reading:		
process as a critical thinking approach for the Client during the preoperative period.	<ul> <li>Preoperative Clients:</li> <li>A. Observation of the psychological status of the pre-operative client</li> <li>B. Assessment of the physical status of the preoperative client</li> </ul>	Burke, et al. <i>Medical-Surgical</i> <i>Nursing Care</i> <u>Chapter 10:</u> Caring for Clients Having Surgery <u>Chapter 8</u> : Caring for Clients in Pain		
1. Assess Clients during the pre- operative period.	<ul> <li>a. Assessment of the cardiovascular, respiratory, endocrine, immune systems.</li> <li>b. Assessment of medications, allergies, health history</li> <li>c. Assessment of Surgical Risk Factors</li> <li>d. Assessment of Learning Needs</li> </ul>	Clayton, Willihnganz: <i>Basic</i> <i>Pharmacology for Nurses</i> <u>Chapter 19:</u> Drugs Used for Pain Management Complete the NCLEX-PN Exam Preparation questions at the end of chapters.		
<ul> <li>Analyzing, Planning and</li> <li>Implementing</li> <li>1. Identify potential problems</li> <li>appropriate for Clients in the pre-</li> </ul>	A. Potential Problems for Clients having surgery	deWit. <i>Fundamental Concepts</i> <i>and Skills for Nursing</i> <u>Chapter 37</u> , Care of the Surgical Patient		
<ul> <li>appropriate for clients in the pro- operative period.</li> <li>2. Plan holistic nursing interventions that the vocational nurse can implement for Clients in the preoperative period.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Preoperative teaching: <ul> <li>a. TCDB</li> <li>b. ROM</li> <li>c. Pain relief</li> <li>e. Special equipment</li> </ul> </li> <li>B. Preoperative procedures: <ul> <li>a. Vital signs</li> <li>b. Laboratory tests</li> <li>c. Radiology exams</li> </ul> </li> <li>C. Informed Consent</li> <li>D. Physical preparation <ul> <li>a. Marking operative site</li> <li>b. Skin Preparation</li> <li>c. Elimination</li> <li>d. Food and fluid</li> <li>e. Expected Tubes and Equipment</li> <li>f. Rest and Sedation</li> <li>g. Pain control</li> <li>h. Personal effects</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<u>Chapter 31</u> , Pain, Comfort and Sleep		
	Continued ↓			

#### VNSG 1509 Unit III cont'd

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client in Pain and the Client Having Surgery

	lurse in Caring for the Client in Pain a	
Objective	Content	Learning Activities
	<ul> <li>A. Evaluation of goals and nursing interventions</li> <li>B. Collaborating with the RN on modifying the plan of care</li> <li>A. Pharmacology:</li> </ul>	Continue required readings and learning activities. Pharmacologic interventions: Using a drug reference, research and be prepared to discuss the following drug classifications and name common names:
	<ul> <li>a. General anesthesia</li> <li>b. Regional anesthesia</li> <li>c. Conscious Sedation</li> <li>d. Local anesthesia</li> <li>B. Surgical team</li> </ul>	Sedatives Anticholinergics Muscle relaxants H2 Receptor blocking agents Antacids
	<ul> <li>C. Role of the circulating RN</li> <li>D. Role of the scrub nurse</li> <li>E. Operating room safety <ul> <li>a. Infection Control</li> <li>b. Positioning</li> <li>c. Sponge and</li> <li>instrument count</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Antibiotics Corticosteroids Diuretics Emergency drugs: Antidysrhythmic agents
	<ul> <li>F. Potential intraoperative complications <ul> <li>a. Infection</li> <li>b. Fluid Volume excess or deficit</li> <li>c. Imbalanced Body temperature</li> <li>d. Aspiration</li> <li>e. Injury related to positioning</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>A. Nursing diagnoses for the Client following surgery</li> <li>A. Immediate assessment <ul> <li>a. Airway, breathing,</li> <li>circulation, system</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	b. Vital signs c. Intake and output B. Care in the PACU, ICU, client's room C. Wound healing and drainage	
	Continued ↓	

VNSG 1509, Unit III cont'd The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client in Pain and the Client Having Surgery

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client in Pain and the Client Having Surgery			
Objective	Content	Learning Activities	
	D. Common Postoperative		
	Complications:	Continue required readings	
	a. Hemorrhage	and learning activities	
	b. Shock		
	c. DVT	Pharmacologic interventions:	
	d. Pulmonary embolism	Using a drug reference,	
	e. Pneumonia	research and be prepared to	
	f. Atelectasis	discuss the following drug	
	g. Elimination	classifications and name	
	complications	common names:	
	h. Wound complications	Non opioid drugs	
	E. Nursing Management:	Opioid analgesics	
	a. Nursing Plan of Care	Adjuvant analgesics	
	b. Medications		
	c. Teaching	Review:	
	d. Nutritional Aspects	Routes of medication	
	A. Evaluation of goals and	administration	
Evaluation	nursing interventions		
1. Discuss evaluation of the	B. Collaborating with the RN on		
goals and nursing interventions	modifying the plan of care.		
for postoperative client.			
	A. Pain – "The 5 <sup>th</sup> Vital Sign"		
Nursing Process:	B. Physiology of Pain		
Clients in Pain	a. Pain conduction		
1. Discuss the use of the nursing	b. Theory of Pain		
process as a critical thinking	C. Types of Pain		
approach for the Client in pain.	a. Acute pain		
Assessment	b. Chronic pain		
1. Assess the Client	c. Neuropathic pain		
	d. Phantom pain		
experiencing an imbalance in homeostasis related to pain	e. Psychogenic pain Factors affecting response to		
nomeostasis related to pain	D. Pain:		
Analyzing, Planning and	a. Pain threshold		
Implementation	b. Pain tolerance		
1. Identify potential problems for	c. Age		
Clients in pain.	d. Cultural factors		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e. Emotional status		
	f. Past experience		
2. Plan holistic nursing	g. Meaning of pain		
interventions that the vocational	h. Knowledge deficit		
nurse can implement for the	5		
Client in pain	A. Potential Problems for the		
	Client in pain.		
Evaluation:			
1. Discuss evaluation of the	A. Nursing plans of care		
goals and nursing interventions	B. Medications		
for Clients who are in pain.	C. Teaching		
	D. Nutritional Aspects		
	A. Evaluation of goals and		
	nursing interventions		

#### VNSG 1509 Unit IV The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with a Respiratory Disorder

Objective	Δ.	Content	Learning Activities
Nursing Process: 1. Discuss the use of the nursing process as a critical thinking approach for the Client with a respiratory disorder.	A. B.	Review of the anatomy and physiology of the respiratory system Diagnostic tests, labs for respiratory disorders, role of the	Required Reading: Burke et al: Medical Surgical Nursing Care
Assessment 1. Assess the Client experiencing an imbalance in homeostasis related to upper respiratory disorders.	C. E.	VN <ul> <li>a. Chest X-Ray</li> <li>b. Computed tomography</li> <li>c. Pulmonary function tests</li> <li>d. Mediastinotomy</li> <li>e. Laryngoscopy</li> <li>f. Bronchoscopy</li> <li>g. Sputum specimen</li> <li>h. Cytology</li> <li>i. Thoracentesis</li> <li>j. Arterial blood gases</li> <li>k. Pulse oximetry</li> </ul> Review of nursing assessment <ul> <li>a. Physical exam</li> <li>b. Subjective data</li> <li>c. Objective data</li> <li>d. Adventitious breath sounds</li> <li>e. Signs and symptoms of hypoxia</li> <li>f. Sputum characteristics</li> <li>g. ABGs</li> </ul> Determine respiratory changes associated with aging Cultural variations related to time ued ↓	Chapter 21: The Respiratory System and Assessment Chapter 22, Caring for Clients with Upper Respiratory Disorders Chapter 23, Caring for Clients with Lower Respiratory Disorders Clayton, Willihnganz: <i>Basic</i> <i>Pharmacology for Nurses</i> <u>Chapter 29:</u> Drugs Used to Treat Upper Respiratory Disease <u>Chapter 30</u> : Drugs Used to Treat Lower Respiratory Disease Complete the NCLEX-PN Exam Preparation questions at the end of chapters.

#### VNSG 1509 Unit IV cont'd

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with a Respiratory Disorder

	onal Nurse in Caring for Clients with a	
Objective	Content	Learning Activities
Assessment continued: Analyzing, Planning and Implementing 1. Identify potential problems for Clients with upper respiratory disorders. 2. Plan holistic nursing interventions that the vocational nurse can implement for Clients with upper respiratory disorders.	<ul> <li>F. Nursing assessment of upper respiratory disorders <ul> <li>a. Rhinitis, Respiratory Syncytial Virus, influenza, sinusitis</li> <li>b. Pharyngitis, tonsillitis, epiglottitis, laryngitis</li> <li>c. Upper airway trauma or obstruction</li> <li>d. Upper respiratory trauma or obstruction</li> <li>e. Obstructive sleep apnea</li> <li>f. Laryngeal tumors</li> <li>g. Subjective, objective data</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. Potential problems for Clients with upper respiratory disorders.</li> <li>A. Medications for upper respiratory disorders.</li> <li>A. Medications for upper respiratory frauma of care facility</li> <li>C. Nursing care</li> <li>D. Nursing plans of care</li> <li>E. Teaching</li> <li>F. Nutritional Aspects</li> </ul>	Review the techniques for obtaining a throat swab and sputum sample Review the correct techniques for assessment of the throat, nose and ears. Review the correct techniques for administering nose and ear drops. Pharmacology: Study the drug classifications: decongestants, and antihistamines Create a teaching plan for a Client with an upper respiratory infection. Discuss how the LVN should adapt nursing care for a Client with laryngeal cancer and loss of speech.

#### VNSG 1509 Unit IV cont'd

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with a Respiratory Disorder

ObjectiveContentLearning ActivitiesAssessmentAssessment of Clients with lower respiratory disordersDiscuss why the following therapies asist the Client with lower respiratory disorders1. Assessment of Clients with lower respiratory disorders.A. Assessment of Clients with lower respiratory disordersDiscuss why the following therapies assist the Client with lower respiratory infection:1. Huid therapyC. TuberculosisJ. Fluid therapy2. PercussionJ. Lung abscess, empyema e. Emerging respiratory infectionsJ. Fluid therapy3. VibrationPercussion4. Postural drainage5. CopPDh. Cystic fibrosis i. Atelectasis j. Bronchiectasis i. Atelectasis j. Bronchiectasis i. AtelectasisStudy the nursing role for the following procedures:4. Occupational Lung DiseasesDiseases s. Chest + rayJ. Uberation abdominal breathing, controlled cough technique, huff technique 6. Chest tubes4. Identify potential problems for Clients with lower respiratory disorders.Peleural effusion r. Pneumothorax, hemothorax s. Chest, lung trauma t. Respiratory failurePeleural effusion r. Pneumothorax, hemothorax syndromeReview: Qiving asthma drugs safely Client teaching on cigarette smoking Nursing Care Checklist for thoracentersis5. Dest biling asthma drugs safely Client teaching on cigarette smoking Nursing Care Checklist for thoracentersis6. Dise biling as the st for thoracentersis7. Plage biling asthma drugs safely Client teaching on cigarette smoking8. Dise biling as the st for thoracentersis
1. Assess the Client experiencing an imbalance in homeostasis related to lower respiratory disorders.       A. Assessment of Clients with lower respiratory disorders       Discuss why the following therapies assist the Client with lower respiratory infections         a. Acute bronchitis       b. Pneumonia       c. Tuberculosis       J. Fluid therapy         c. Tuberculosis       d. Lung abscess, empyema       e. Emerging respiratory infections       J. Vibration         f. Asthma       g. COPD       J. Horacentesis       J. Thoracentesis         j. Bronchiectasis       K. Occupational Lung Diseases       Study the nursing role for the following procedures:         j. Bronchiectasis       M. Occupational Lung Diseases       S. Chest x-ray         l. Sarcoidosis       m. Lung cancer       Disquare         n. Pulmonary hypertension p. Pleuritis       P. Pleural effusion       Review:         q. Pleural effusion       Review:       Oxygen delivery devices         v. Acute respiratory disorders.       S. Chest, lung trauma       Antimistering a TB skin test Interpreting TB skin test results Antituberculosis drugs syndrome
<ul> <li>2. Plan holistic nursing interventions that the vocational nurse can implement for Clients with lower respiratory disorders.</li> <li>A. Potential problems for Clients with lower respiratory disorders.</li> <li>A. Nursing plans of care</li> <li>B. Medications</li> <li>C. Teaching</li> <li>D. Nutritional Aspects</li> </ul>

#### VNSG 1509 Unit IV cont'd

Objective	Content	Learning Activities
Planning/Implementation, cont'd	Cont'd	Create a teaching plan for a Client
		that smokes who needs to stop
Evaluation	A. Evaluation of goals and	smoking.
1. Discuss evaluation of the	nursing interventions	Smoking.
	B. Collaborating with the RN	Research sarcoidosis on the
goals and nursing interventions for Clients with upper and lower	on modifying the plan of	internet for cultural considerations.
respiratory disorders.	care.	
		Pharmacologic interventions: Using a drug reference, research
		and be prepared to discuss the following drug classifications and
		name common names: Antibiotics
		bronchodilators TB drugs
		Beta adrenergic agonists Anticholinergics
		Corticosteroids Pneumonia, flu vaccines
		Smoking cessation agents Thrombolytic
		Anticoagulants

#### VNSG 1509

#### Unit V

#### The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with Altered Immunity and Cancer

Objective	se in Caring for Clients with Altered Immu Content	Learning Activities
Nursing Process:	A. Assessment of Clients with	
1. Discuss the use of the	immune disorders	Required Reading:
nursing process as a critical	A. Overview of the immune	
thinking approach for the client	system	Burke et al. Medical Surgical
with altered immunity.	a. Humoral and cell mediated	Nursing Care
	immunity	<u>Chapter 11</u> : Caring for Clients
Assessment	b. Immune function in the	with Altered Immunity
1. Assess the Client	older adult	<u>Chapter 12:</u> Caring for Clients
experiencing an imbalance in	c. Natural and acquired	with Cancer
homeostasis related to immune	immunity	Chapter 13: Loss, Grief, and
system disorders.	d. Immunizations	End-of-Life Care
	e. Laboratory and diagnostic	
	tests	Clayton, Willihnganz: Basic
	f. Altered immune responses	Pharmacology for Nurses
	a. Hypersensitivity	Chapter 43: Drugs Used to
	responses	Treat Cancer
	b. Latex allergy	
	g. Immunizations	Complete the NCLEX-PN Exam
	h. Pharmacology	Preparation questions at the
	i. Autoimmune disorders	end of chapters
	j. Organ, tissue transplants	
	k. HIV	
	I. Complications of HIV	Discuss the role of the LVN in
	m. Laboratory, diagnostic tests	caring for a Client receiving
	n. Pharmacology	chemotherapy.
	o. Prevention	
	D Accessment for Oliente with	
	<ul> <li>B. Assessment for Clients with cancer</li> </ul>	
	a. Pathophysiology of cancer	
	b. Malignant neoplasms	
	c. Carcinogenesis	
	d. Risk factors	
	e. Cancer and the older adult	
	f. Early detection	
	g. Effects and manifestations	
	of cancer	
	h. Psychological responses	
	i. Diagnostic tests	
	j. Treatments	
	,	
	Continued ↓	

#### VNSG 1509 Unit V

The Role of the Vocational Nurse	e in Caring for Clients with Altered Immun	
Objective	Content	Learning Activities
Analyzing, Planning and Implementing 1. Identify potential problems for clients with immune disorders	A. Potential problems for Clients with immune disorders and cancer.	Continue required readings and learning activities.
clients with immune disorders and cancer. 2. Plan holistic nursing interventions that the vocational nurse can implement for clients with immune disorders and cancer. <b>Evaluation</b> 1. Discuss evaluation of the goals and nursing interventions for Clients with immune disorders and cancer.	<ul> <li>A. Nursing plans of care</li> <li>B. Teaching</li> <li>C. Nutrition</li> <li>D. Pharmacology</li> <li>A. Evaluation of goals and nursing interventions</li> <li>B. Collaborating with the RN on modifying the plan of care</li> <li>A. Nursing care of Clients who are experiencing loss grief, and who need end of life care.</li> <li>a. Stages of grief</li> <li>b. Cultural responses to death</li> <li>c. Family support</li> <li>d. Spirituality</li> <li>e. Rituals of Mourning</li> <li>f. Nurses' responses to loss</li> <li>g. End of life care</li> <li>h. Legal and ethical issues</li> <li>i. Settings and services</li> <li>j. Physiologic changes in the dying client</li> </ul>	Review for Immune: Cells of the immune system Recommended immunizations for adults Assessing client's immune system Types of hypersensitivity reactions Transplant rejection episodes Giving immunosuppressive agents safely Guidelines for safer sex Pharmacologic treatment of opportunistic infections and malignancies Nursing care for clients with cancer Nursing care for clients with loss or dying Review for Cancer: Focus on diversity Comparison of benign and malignant neoplasms Selected cancers and sites of metastases American Cancer Society Guidelines for cancer screening Common general manifestations of cancer Nursing care checklist for radiation therapy Giving chemotherapeutic agents safely Focus on older adults

#### VNSG 1509

#### Unit VI

#### The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client with a Gastrointestinal Disorder, Gallbladder, Liver, Biliary Tract or Exocrine Pancreatic Disorder

1. Discuss the use of the nursing process as a critical thinking approach for the Client with a gastrointestinal, gallbladder, liver, biliary tract or pancreatic disorder.phy dig dig tinta B. Dia end for	Content view of anatomy and ysiology, accessory organs of jestion, and regulation of food ake. agnostic tests, imaging, doscopic and laboratory tests	Learning Activities           Required Reading:           Burke, et al. Medical-Surgical           Nursing Care           Chapter 24: The
1. Discuss the use of the nursing process as a critical thinking approach for the Client with a gastrointestinal, gallbladder, liver, biliary tract or pancreatic disorder.phy dig dig tinta B. Dia end for	ysiology, accessory organs of jestion, and regulation of food ake. agnostic tests, imaging,	Burke, et al. <i>Medical-Surgical</i> <i>Nursing Care</i> <u>Chapter 24</u> : The
1. Assess the Client         experiencing an imbalance in         homeostasis related to         gastrointestinal system,         gallbladder, liver, and pancreas         disorders.         C. Nu         Ass         D. Nu         ma         dia         treat         1. Item	<ul> <li>sessment of the GI System</li> <li>a. Subjective data</li> <li>b. Objective data</li> <li>rsing management, clinical</li> <li>anifestations, specific</li> <li>agnostic tests, medical</li> <li>atment :</li> <li>Disorders of the oral cavity</li> <li>a. Stomatitis</li> <li>b. Oral Cancer</li> <li>Esophageal Disorders</li> <li>a. GERD</li> <li>b. Hiatal Hernia</li> <li>c. Esophageal Cancer</li> </ul>	Gastrointestinal System and Assessment <u>Chapter 25</u> : Caring for Clients with Nutritional and Upper Gastrointestinal Disorders <u>Chapter 26</u> : Caring for Clients with Bowel Disorders <u>Chapter 27</u> : Caring for Clients with Gallbladder, Liver, and Pancreatic Disorders <u>Clayton, Willihnganz: Basic Pharmacology for Nurses Chapter 32</u> : Drugs Used to Treat Gastroesophageal Reflux and Peptic Ulcer Disease <u>Chapter 33</u> : Drugs Used to Treat Nausea and Vomiting Chapter 34: Drugs Used to Treat Constipation and Diarrhea Complete the NCLEX-PN Exam Preparation questions at the end of chapters. List nursing responsibilities for Clients undergoing diagnostic testing of the GI system: Upper GI series Barium swallow Barium enema Sigmoidoscopy Colonoscopy Liver Biopsy

### VNSG 1509

#### Unit VI cont'd

#### The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client with a Gastrointestinal Disorder, Gallbladder, Liver, Biliary Tract or Exocrine Pancreatic Disorder

Objective	Liver, Biliary Tract or Exocrine Pancreatic Disorder							
Assessment continued	Continued ↓	Learning Activities Continue required readings and learning activities Pharmacologic interventions: Using a drug reference, research and be prepared to discuss the following drug classifications and name common names: Chemotherapeutic agents H2 receptor agonists Proton pump inhibitors Antacids Antispasmodic agents Antibacterial agents Anti-inflammatory agents Corticosteroids Lactulose Vitamin K Gamma globulin Hepatitis A, B vaccines Anticholinergic agents Pancreatic enzymes Develop a one-week diet for a Client with Crohn's disease Develop a one-week diet for a						

#### VNSG 1509 Unit VI cont'd

#### The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for the Client with a Gastrointestinal Disorder, Gallbladder, Liver, Biliary Tract or Exocrine Pancreatic Disorder

Liver, Biliary Tract or Exocrine Pancreatic Disorder Objective Content Learning Activities							
Content	Learning Activities						
E. Considerations for Older Adults	Continue required readings and learning activities.						
<ul> <li>A. Potential problems for Clients with gastrointestinal and accessory organ disorders.</li> </ul>	Develop a plan of care for a Client following surgery for colorectal cancer						
<ul><li>A. Nursing plans of care</li><li>B. Medications</li><li>C. Teaching</li><li>D. Nutritional aspects</li></ul>							
<ul> <li>A. Evaluation of goals and nursing interventions</li> <li>B. Collaborating with the RN on modifying the nursing plan of care</li> </ul>							
	Content         E. Considerations for Older         Adults         A. Potential problems for         Clients with gastrointestinal         and accessory organ         disorders.         A. Nursing plans of care         B. Medications         C. Teaching         D. Nutritional aspects         A. Evaluation of goals and         nursing interventions         B. Collaborating with the RN         on modifying the nursing plan						

#### VNSG 1509 Unit VII

#### The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with an Endocrine System Disorder

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with an Endocrine System Disorder					
Objective	Content	Learning Activities			
Objective           Nursing Process:           1. Discuss the use of the nursing process as a critical thinking approach for the Client with an endocrine system disorder.           Assessment           1. Assess the Client experiencing an imbalance in homeostasis related to endocrine system disorders.	<ul> <li>Content</li> <li>A. Review of anatomy and physiology of the endocrine system</li> <li>B. Diagnostic tests, labs for endocrine disorders, role of the VN: <ul> <li>a. Pituitary hormones</li> <li>b. Water deprivation test</li> <li>c. Serum T3, T4</li> </ul> </li> <li>d. TSH (Thyroid stimulating hormone)</li> <li>e. Calcitonin</li> <li>f. Cortisol</li> <li>g. Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)</li> <li>h. RAIU (Radioactive iodine uptake)</li> <li>i. Thyroid Scan</li> </ul> <li>C. Review of nursing assessment <ul> <li>a. Subjective data</li> <li>b. Objective data</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Objective data</li>	Learning Activities         Required Reading:         Burke, et al: Medical Surgical Nursing Care         Chapter 34: The Endocrine         System and Assessment         Chapter 35: Caring for         Clients with Endocrine         Disorders         Clayton, Willihnganz: Basic         Pharmacology for Nurses         Chapter 36: Drugs Used to         Treat Thyroid Disease         Complete NCLEX-PN Exam         Preparation questions at end         of chapters.			

#### VNSG 1509 Unit VII cont'd

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients with an Endocrine System Disorder

	Nurse in Caring for Clients with an Content	
Objective Assessment cont'd.	D. Nursing management, clinical manifestations, specific diagnostic tests, medical treatment :a. Pituitary Tumors b. Gigantism/Dwarfism c. Diabetes Insipidus d. Syndrome of 	Learning Activities         Continue required readings and learning activities.         Pharmacologic interventions: Using a drug reference, research and be prepared to discuss the following drug classifications and name common names:         Antithyroid drugs lodine Sources Beta-Adrenergic Blockers Thyroid Preparations Corticosteroids
<ul> <li>Analyzing, Planning and Implementing</li> <li>1. Identify potential problems for Clients with endocrine disorders.</li> <li>2. Plan holistic nursing interventions that the vocational nurse can implement for clients with endocrine disorders.</li> <li>Evaluation:</li> <li>1. Discuss evaluation of the goals and nursing interventions for Clients with endocrine disorders.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Potential problems for clients with endocrine system disorders.</li> <li>A. Nursing plans of care</li> <li>B. Medications</li> <li>C. Teaching</li> <li>D. Nutritional Aspects</li> <li>A. Evaluation of goals and nursing interventions</li> <li>B. Collaborating with the RN on modifying the plan of care</li> </ul>	Develop a nursing care plan for a client with hyperthyroidism.

#### VNSG 1509 Unit VIII for Client

#### The Pole of the narianalus, Chaale Trauma, an Diacatar 1/-41. NI. :...

The Role of the Vocational Nurse in Caring for Clients Experiencing Shock, Trauma, or Disaster					
Objective		Content	Learning Activities		
1. Discuss the use of the nursing	А.	Pathophysiology of shock			
process as a critical thinking	В.	Types of shock	Required Reading:		
approach for the Client	C.	Manifestations found in each			
experiencing shock, trauma or		stage of shock	Burke, et al. <i>Medical Surgical</i>		
disaster.	D.	Diagnostic tests	Nursing Care		
		Oxygen therapy	Chapter 14: Caring for Clients		
Assessment	F.		Experiencing Shock, Trauma,		
1. Assess the Client	G.	Colloid solutions and blood	Or Disasters		
experiencing an imbalance in		products			
homeostasis related to shock,	H.	Blood compatibility			
trauma or disaster.	Ι.	Blood transfusions	Complete the NCLEX-PN		
		Anaphylactic shock	Exam Preparation questions		
		Neurogenic shock	at the end of the chapter		
	L.	Cardiogenic shock			
		Septic shock			
		Complications of shock ARDS	Review:		
		The Client experiencing	Stages of shock		
		disaster	Multisystem effects of shock		
		Disaster overview	Initial manifestations of shock		
		Natural and common injuries	Prehospital emergency care		
		Weapons of mass destruction	of shock		
		injuries	Giving colloid medications		
		Disaster planning and	safely		
		response	Blood and blood products Giving blood safely		
Analyzing, Planning and	А.	Potential problems for clients	Review all boxes on		
Implementation		with shock, trauma or disaster	manifestations of shock.		
	В.	Nursing plan of care for shock,			
1. Identify potential problems for		trauma or disaster			
Clients experiencing shock, trauma or disaster.	C.	Evaluation of care			
	Δ	Causes and types of trauma or			
2. Plan holistic nursing	Λ.	disaster			
interventions that the vocational	В	Effects of trauma			
nurse can implement for Clients		Risks for geriatrics			
experiencing shock, trauma or	D.	Effects of traumatic injury			
disaster	E.				
		Emergency surgery			
		Critical care			
	Н.	Psychosocial effects			
	Ι.	Organ donation			
Evaluation					
1. Discuss evaluation of the					
goals and nursing interventions					
for Clients experiencing shock,					
trauma or disaster					

Grayson College Vocational Nursing Program VNSG 1509

Appendix A:

SCANS Competencies Course Outcome Evaluation Tool for Students

#### Scans Competencies

The course VNSG 1509 assists the student to complete the following competencies by providing scientific theory as a foundation for nursing care of Clients in long term and acute care settings.

Workplace Competencies:

- Allocation of staff, materials: recognizes levels of staffing and uses supplies for Client care in cost effective manner
- Interpersonal skills: Works within the health care team; communicates with Clients, families, staff
- Information: Acquires data on Clients, organizes data through prioritization, interprets Client data with help of the clinical instructor
- Technology: Manages basic health care equipment such as automatic blood pressure cuffs; computerized charting in selected clinical facilities.

Foundation Skills:

- Basic skills: Reads information on Clients, calculate medication dosages, speaks and listens to Clients, families, other members of the health care team
- Thinking skills: Uses the nursing process which is a problem solving model to plan nursing care at an intermediate level.
- Personal qualities: Assumes responsibility for assigned Clients, performs as a member of a profession

Resources:

- Manages time: Sets goals for Clients and attempts to reach goals during shift
- Manages materials: Practices cost effectiveness in a health care facility

Interpersonal:

- Participates as a member of a team: Works with members of the health care team to provide holistic Client care
- Teaches others: Provides basic teaching for Clients and families on disease processes.
- Serves Clients: Provides holistic nursing care to assigned Clients
- Exercises leadership: Communicates Client needs to instructor or primary care nurse during assigned shift; seeks help when needed
- Negotiates to arrive at a decision: Seeks the advice of experienced nurses when a decision needs to be made regarding Client care.
- Works with cultural diversity: Provides care to men, women, and people of various cultures Information:
  - Acquires and evaluates data: Gathers data on Clients and evaluates data under the supervision of an instructor; evaluates physical assessment data
  - Organizes data: Completes database and records on required clinical paperwork
  - Interprets and communicates data: Reports significant findings to registered nurse
  - Uses a computer to process information: Retrieves Client data from computer and performs computer charting in selected facilities.

Systems:

- Understands systems: Becomes familiar with long-term and acute health care systems
- Monitors and corrects performance: Distinguishes between the type of care given in long-term and acute care systems

Technology:

- Selects technology: Uses hospital equipment and chooses equipment to use; uses Canvas to achieve course objectives.
- Applies technology to task: Operates basic facility equipment such as intercom systems, telephones, oxygen equipment, equipment used for vital signs
- Maintains and troubleshoots technology: Reports malfunctioning equipment

Reading:

• Reads assigned textbook, notes and PowerPoint slides. Follows written instructions in syllabus

Writing:

• Submits written assignments to instructor as required

Listening:

• Listens to and receives instructions on course requirements and on exams. Follows verbal instructions from course instructor

#### Speaking:

- Communicates with instructor and other students in order to complete course outcomes
- Asks questions of instructors as needed

Thinking Skills:

- Creative Thinking: Participates in role playing as assigned
- Decision-Making: Considers what is best for Client and discusses nursing care
- Problem-Solving: Uses nursing process to determine problems and what nursing care can assist with solving problems
- Knowing how to learn: Plans time and completes both classroom and reading assignments
- Reasoning: Discovers the relationship between the normal and abnormal function of the body systems.

Personal Qualities:

- Responsibility: Demonstrates effort and perseverance to achieve the course outcomes. Assumes responsibility for completing assignments
- Self-Esteem: Demonstrates an ability to provide care to Clients at various stages of the life span.
- Sociability: Plans nursing care to meet the psychosocial needs of the Client in the long term or acute care facility
- Self-management: Assesses own progress in course and evaluates success or need for improvement
- Integrity/honesty: Follows policies of Grayson County College VN Program Handbook and policies in the VNSG 1509 syllabus.